



1. What countries are in South America?



2. What are the biomes and vegetation belts?



Applying Past Knowledge

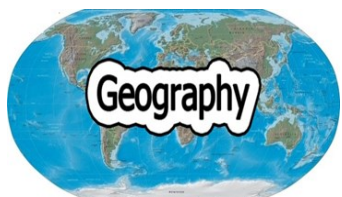
- Year 5: North America
- Year 4: Europe
- Year 3: Different parts of the world
- Year 2: The Earth's continents
- Year 1: Life in the UK

3. What are the Physical similarities and differences between Brazil and Galapagos?



4. How can we save the Amazon Rainforest?

1. Ask parents to buy food that is grown in sustainable ways e.g. bananas and coffee.
2. Research about communities who live near rainforests and recognise how they depend on them.
3. Use less paper and recycle packaging.
4. Restore damaged ecosystems by planting trees on land where forests have been cut down.



Polar	Very cold and dry all year round
Temperate	Cold winters and mild summers
Arid	Dry and hot all year round
Tropical	Hot and wet all year round
Mediterranean	Dry, hot summers and mild winters
Mountain	Very cold, sometimes wet, all year





A Class Act - Journey Across South America

5. What are the similarities and differences between Brazil and the Galapagos?

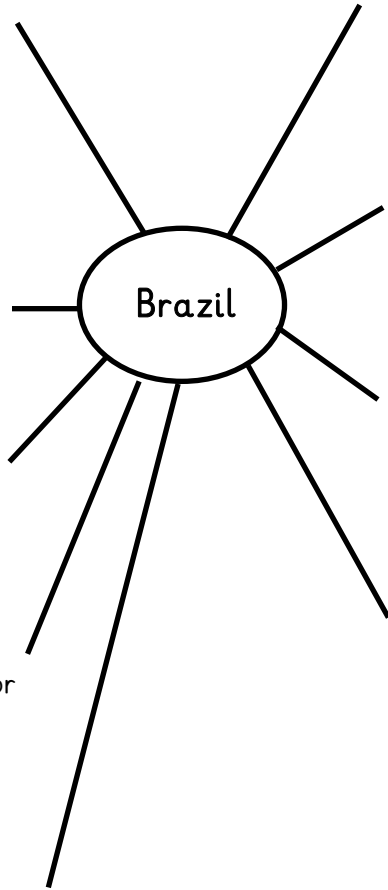
- Big rainforests, tall mountains, and huge rivers. It's green and full of thick forests, especially in the **Amazon Rainforest**.

- **Tropical Climate** is very hot and rainy, Rainfall varies widely, with the Amazon being extremely humid, while other regions have distinct wet and dry seasons.

- **In the Amazon Rainforest**, there are jaguars, toucans, monkeys, and many other animals.

- Some forests have been cut down to make space for farms and cities.

- Brazil is **one of the biggest countries** in the world! It has the largest population in South America.

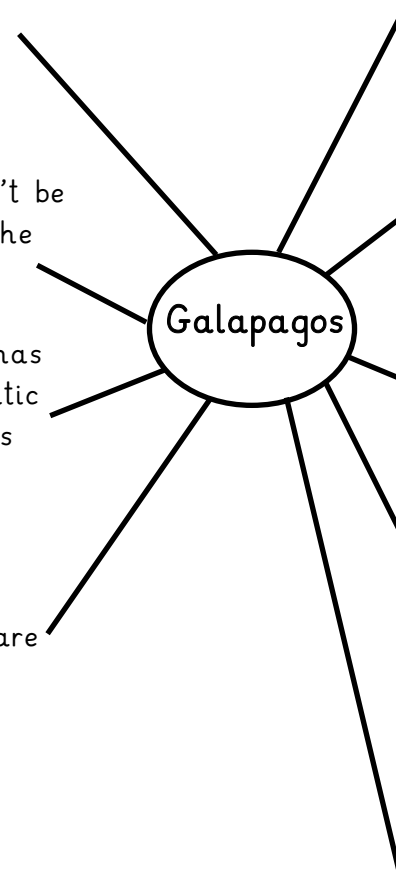


- **Warm and Close to the Equator:** this makes them warm places with lots of sunshine all year.

- **Lots of Animals and Plants:** some of them can't be found anywhere else on the planet!

- **By the Ocean:** Brazil has a long coast by the Atlantic Ocean, and the Galápagos Islands are in the Pacific Ocean.

- **Volcanoes:** Brazil has some old volcanoes that are no longer active, and the Galápagos Islands have young, active volcanoes.



- **19 main islands** and lots of smaller ones with rocky land and sandy shores. Some areas look dry and empty, with lots of lava rocks.

- The weather changes with **ocean currents**, so it has a warm and wet season, and a cool and dry season.

- The Galápagos has animals that live only there, like giant tortoises, blue-footed birds, and marine iguanas. **These animals have adapted to the small islands.**

- Only a few people live on the Galápagos Islands. **They have rules to protect the animals and nature** so people don't hurt the islands too much.

- The Galápagos Islands are small, with only about 19 main islands and a lot of little ones.

