

				Yea	ar 1					
Topic	Autumn 1: Change Over T		Autumn 2: ival of the Animals	Spring 1: End of the Li	ne	Very	Spring 2: Victorian Values	Summer 1: Fee Fi FO Fu		Summer 2: hole School Topic
	Families and friendship	Safe Relationships	Respecting Ourselves and Others	Belonging to a community	Media lite digital re		Money and work	Physical health and Mental wellbeing	Growing and changing	Keeping safe
Relationships	Families and friendships Roles of different people; families; feeling cared for PoS Refs: R1, R2, R3, R4, R5	Safe relationships Recognising privacy, staying safe; seeking permission PoS Refs: R10, R13, R15, R16, R17	and others How behaviour affects others; being polite and							
Living in the Wider World				Belonging to a community What rules are; caring for others' needs; looking after the environment PoS Refs: L1, L2, L3 Link to RE from Autumn 2	Media lite Digital resili the internet devices; cor online PoS Refs: L7,	and digital nmunicating	Money and Work Strengths and interests; jobs in the community PoS Refs: L14, L16, L17			
Health and Wellbeing								Physical health and Mental wellbeing Keeping healthy; food and exercise; hygiene routines; sun safety PoS Refs: H1, H2, H3, H5, H8, H9, H10	Growing and changing Recognising what makes them unique and special; feelings; managing when things go wrong PoS Refs: H11, H12, H13, H14, H15, H21, H22, H23, H24	keeping safe online PoS Refs: H28, H34
British Values Democracy is exercised throughout the year for Head teacher Awards etc.	→ Democracy → Rule of law	→ The Rule of Law → Individual Liberty	→ Mutual Respect and Tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and for those without faith → Individual liberty	→ The Rule of Law → Mutual Respect and Tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and for those without faith → Democracy		racy le of Law ual liberty	→ Mutual Respect and Tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and for those without faith → Democracy - jobs panel → Individual liberty	→ Individual liberty → Mutual Respect and Tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and for those without faith	→ Individual liberty - being your true self → Rule of Law - to protect people	→ Rule of Law → Individual liberty
Equalities (Role Models) Resources and lessons should reflect and represent all relevant protected characteristics	→ Marriage & civil partnerships → Sexual orientation → Ethnicity and race	→ Black history month → Bullying links to al protected characteristics → Sexual orientation → Ethnicity and race → Age → Disability	Respect for everyone: Sexual orientation Ethnicity and race Age Disability Sex Religion and belief	→ Religion and belief → Ethnicity and race → Age → Sexual orientation → Marriage and civil partnership	→ Age - re age to k to discrit	eep safe not	→ Sex → Stereotyping- address male vs female roles, the importance of all jobs in the community and that a doctor is not	Age Disability Religion and belief (religions which don't allow medical intervention)	Sexual orientation Ethnicity and race Age Disability Sex Religion and belief Pregnancy and maternity	→ Age

		→ Sex → Religion and belief → Marriage and civil partnership → Gender reassignment	→ Pregnancy and maternity			more important than a cleaner. Sexual orientation Ethnicity and race Age Disability Sex Religion and belief Marriage and civil partnership Gender reassignment Pregnancy and maternity		→ Gender reassignment	
Rights Respecting School	should always do what is best for you. Article 4: You have the right to have your rights made a reality by the government. Article 5: You have the right to be given guidance by your parents and family. Article 28: You have the right to a good quality education. You should be	Article 34: You have the right to be free from sexual abuse. Article 35: No one is allowed to kidnap or sell you. Article 36: You have the right to protection from any kind of exploitation (being taken advantage of). Black History Month Article 2: You have the right to protection against discrimination. This means that nobody can treat you badly because of your colour, sex or	Article 2: All children have these rights, no matter who they are, where they live, what their parents do, what language they speak, what their religion is, whether they are a boy or girl, what their culture is, whether they have a disability, whether they are rich or poor. No child should be treated unfairly on any basis. Article 29: Your education should help you use and develop your talents and abilities. It should also help you learn to live peacefully, protect the environment and respect other people. Article 30: You have the right to practice your own culture, language and religion - or any you choose. Minority and indigenous groups need special protection of this right.	right to life Article 7: You have the right to a name, and this should be officially recognized by the government. You have the right to a nationality (to belong to a country). Article 8: You have the right to an identity — an official record of who you are. No one should take this away from you. Article 18: You have the right to be brought up by your parents, if possible. Article 19: You have the right to be protected from being hurt and mistreated, in body or mind Article 27: You have the right to a good enough standard of living. This means you should have food, clothes and a place	diary that other people are not allowed to see. Article 17: You have the right to collect information from the media – radios, newspapers, television, etc – from all around the world. You should also be protected from information that could	Article 13: You have the right to find out things and say what you think, through making art, speaking and writing, unless it breaks the rights of others Article 14: You have the right to think what you like and be whatever religion you want to be, with your parents' guidance.	right to the best health possible and to medical care and to information. that will help you to stay well. <u>Article 31</u> : You have the	Article 12: You have the right to give your opinion, and for adults to listen and take it seriously. Article 16: You have the right to a private life. For instance, you can keep a diary that other people are not allowed to see. Article 34: You have the right to be protected from sexual abuse.	Article 17: You have the right to collect information from the media – radios, newspapers, television, etc – from all around the world.You should also be protected from information that could harm you. Article 36: You have the right to protection from any other kind of exploitation.



					Yea	ar 2						
Торіс	Autumn 1: Into the	e frame	Autumn 2	!: Hearts and lanterns	Spring 1: Under t	he sea	Spring	2: Disaster Strikes	Summer 1: A jour discovery	ney to	Summer 2:	Whole School Topic
	Families and friendship	Safe Relati	ionships	Respecting Ourselves and Others	Belonging to a community	Media lite digital re	eracy and esilience	Money and work	Physical health and Mental wellbeing	1	ng and nging	Keeping safe
Relationships	Families and friendships Making friends; feeling lonely and getting help PoS Refs: R6, R7 R8, R9, R24	Safe rei Managing resisting pres getting help; hurtful behavid PoS Refs: R11, R18, R19, R20	recognising our , R12, R14,	Respecting ourselves and others Recognising things in common and differences; playing and working cooperatively; sharing opinions PoS Refs: R23, R24, R25								
Living in the Wider World					Belonging to a community Belonging to a group; roles and responsibilities; being the same and different in the community PoS Refs: L2, L4, L5, L6	Media litt Digital resilie The internet life; online information PoS Refs: L8,	in everyday content and	Money and Work What money is; needs and wants; looking after money PoS Refs: L10, L11, L12, L13, L15				
Health and Wellbeing									Physical health and Mental wellbeing Why sleep is important; medicines and keeping healthy; keeping teeth healthy; managing feelings and asking for help PoS Refs: H4, H6, H7, H16, H17, H18, H19, H20	body parts; m	changing ider; naming noving class or fs: H20, H25,	Keeping safe Safety in different environments; risk and safety at home; emergencies PoS Refs: H29, H30, H31, H32, H33, H35, H36, H27
British Values Democracy is exercised throughout the year for Head teacher Awards etc.	→ Democracy → Rule of law	→ The Rule o		→ Mutual Respect and Tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and for those without faith → Individual liberty	→ The Rule of Law → Mutual Respect and Tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and for those without faith → Democracy		cracy ule of Law lual liberty	→ Mutual Respect and Tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and for those without faith → Democracy - jobs panel → Individual liberty	→ Individual liberty → Mutual Respect and Tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and for those without faith		ur true self F Law - to	→ Rule of Law → Individual liberty
Equalities (Role Models) Resources and lessons should reflect and represent all relevant protected characteristics	→ Marriage & civil partnerships → Sexual orientation → Ethnicity and race	→ Bullying protected characteric → Sexual ori → Ethnicity: → Age → Disability → Sex → Religion a	istics ientation and race and belief and civil	Respect for everyone: Sexual orientation Ethnicity and race Age Disability Sex Religion and belief Pregnancy and maternity	→ Religion and belief → Ethnicity and race → Age → Sexual orientation → Marriage and civil partnership	on age	restrictions e to keep safe discriminate	→ Sex → Stereotyping- address male vs female roles, the importance of all jobs in the community and that a doctor is not more important than a cleaner. → Sexual orientation → Ethnicity and race → Age	→ Age → Disability → Religion and belief (religions which don't allow medical intervention)	→ Age → Disabili → Sex	ity and race ity n and belief ncy and ity	→ Age

		→ Gender reassignment				Disability Sex Religion and belief Marriage and civil partnership Gender reassignment Pregnancy and maternity			
Rights Respecting School	best for you. Article 4: You have the right to have your rights made a reality by the government. Article 5: You have the right to be given guidance by your parents and family. Article 28: You have the right to a good quality education. You should be	Article 16: You have the right to privacy. Article 19: You have the right to be protected from being hurt and mistreated, in body or mind. Article 34: You have the right to be free from sexual abuse. Article 35: No one is allowed to kidnap or sell you. Article 36: You have the right to protection from any kind of exploitation (being taken advantage of). Black History Month Article 2: You have the right to protection against discrimination. This means that nobody can treat you badly because of your colour, sex or religion, if you speak another language, have a disability, or are rich or poor.	Article 2: All children have these rights, no matter who they are, where they live, what their parents do, what language they speak, what their religion is, whether they are a boy or girl, what their culture is, whether they have a disability, whether they are rich or poor. No child should be treated unfairly on any basis. Article 29: Your education should help you use and develop your talents and abilities. It should also help you learn to live peacefully, protect the environment and respect other people. Article 30: You have the right to practice your own culture, language and religion - or any you choose. Minority and indigenous groups need special protection of this right.	Article 6: You have the right to life Article 7: You have the right to a name, and this should be officially recognized by the government. You have the right to a nationality (to belong to a country). Article 8: You have the right to an identity — an official record of who you are. No one should take this away from you. Article 18: You have the right to be brought up by your parents, if possible. Article 19: You have the right to be protected from being hurt and mistreated, in body or mind Article 27: You have the right to a good enough standard of living. This means you should have food, clothes and a place to live.	Article 16: You have the right to a private life. For instance, you can keep a diary that other people are not allowed to see. Article 17: You have the right to collect information from the media — radios, newspapers, television, etc – from all around the world. You should also be protected from information that could harm you.	Article 13: You have the right to find out things and say what you think, through making art, speaking and writing, unless it breaks the rights of others Article 14: You have the right to think what you like and be whatever religion you want to be, with your parents' guidance.	Article 24: You have a right to the best health possible and to medical care and to information. that will help you to stay well. Article 31: You have the right to play and relax by doing things like sports, music and drama.	Article 12: You have the right to give your opinion, and for adults to listen and take it seriously. Article 16: You have the right to a private life. For instance, you can keep a diary that other people are not allowed to see. Article 34: You have the right to be protected from sexual abuse.	Article 17: You have the right to collect information from the media – radios, newspapers, television, etc – from all around the world. You should also be protected from information that could harm you. Article 36: You have the right to protection from any other kind of exploitation.



					Yea	ar 3						
Topic	Autumn 1: Supermarket Sweep Autumn 2: Rotten Roman Families and Safe Relationships Respecting				Spring 1: Settle l	Down	Spring	g 2: Secret Garden	Summer 1: Dig l	Deep	Summer	2: Whole School Topic
	Families and friendship	Safe Relati	onships	Respecting Ourselves and Others	Belonging to a community		teracy and resilience	Money and work	Physical health and Mental wellbeing	Growing changi		Keeping safe
Relationships	Families and friendships What makes a family; features of family life PoS Refs: R1, R6, R7, R8, R9		impact of our	Respecting ourselves and others Recognising respectful behaviour; the importance of self-respect; courtesy and being polite PoS Refs: R30, R31								
Living in the Wider World					Belonging to a community The value of rules and laws; rights, freedoms and responsibilities PoS Refs: L1, L2, L3	resilience internet	cy and Digital How the is used; information 1, L12	Money and Work Different jobs and skills; job stereotypes; setting personal goals PoS Refs: L25, L26, L27, L30				
Health and Wellbeing									Physical health and Mental wellbeing Health choices and habits; what affects feelings; expressing feelings PoS Refs: H1, H2, H3, H4, H6, H7, H17, H18, H19	Growing and Personal stren achievements; and reframing PoS Refs: H27, I	managing setbacks	Keeping safe Risks and hazards; safety in the local environment and unfamiliar places PoS Refs: H38, H39, H41
British Values Democracy is exercised throughout the year for Head teacher Awards etc.	→ Democracy → Rule of law	→ The Rule o		→ Mutual Respect and Tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and for those without faith → Individual liberty	→ Mutual Respect and Tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and for those without faith → Democracy	→ Individ	cracy ule of Law dual liberty ule of Law	→ Mutual Respect and Tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and for those without faith → Democracy - jobs panel → Individual liberty	→ Individual liberty → Mutual Respect and Tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and for those without faith	→ Individual being your → Rule of I protect pe	true self Law - to	→ Rule of Law → Individual liberty
Equalities (Role Models) Resources and lessons should reflect and represent all relevant protected characteristics	→ Marriage & civil partnerships Sexual orientation → Ethnicity and race	→ Black hists → Bullying i protected characteri Sexual ori → Disability → Sex → Religion a → Marriage partnersh → Gender reassignm	links to all istics ientation and race and belief and civil	Respect for everyone: Sexual orientation Ethnicity and race Age Disability Sex Religion and belief Pregnancy and maternity	→ Religion and belief Ethnicity and race Age Sexual orientation Marriage and civil partnership	age to	estrictions on keep safe not iminate.	Sex Stereotyping- address male vs female roles, the importance of all jobs in the community and that a doctor is not more important than a cleaner. Sexual orientation Ethnicity and race Age Disability Sex Religion and belief	→ Age → Disability → Religion and belief (religions which don't allow medical intervention)	Sexual or Ethnicity Age Disability Sex Religion a Pregnanc maternity Gender reassignn	and race and belief by and	→ Age

Rights Respecting School Article 15: Vow have the right to protection against discrimination. This means that nobody can treat you badly because of your colour, sex or religion, if you speak another language, have a disability, or are rich per goulance by your parents, and lawns, of what it in fight to the given to beet for you. Article 25: Vow have the right to be protected from the many that their religion is whether they are should be provided also be government. Article 35: Vow have the right to protection against another language, have a disability, or are rich or government. Article 35: Vow have the right to be given guidance by your parents, and family. Article 15: Vow have the right to protected from the standard provided and the protection of the right to protected from the standard provided and the protection of the right to protection against and the standard provided and the protection of the right to protection from the right to be from the right to protection from the						→ Marriage and civil partnership → Gender reassignment → Pregnancy and maternity			
	 18 has all these rights. Article 2: You have the right to protection against discrimination. This means that nobody can treat you badly because of your colour, sex or religion, if you speak another language, have a disability, or are rich or poor. Article 3: All adults should always do what is best for you. Article 4: You have the right to have your rights made a reality by the government. Article 5: You have the right to be given guidance by your parents and family. Article 28: You have the right to a good quality education. You should be encouraged to go to school to the highest	right to privacy. Article 19: You have the right to be protected from being hurt and mistreated, in body or mind. Article 34: You have the right to be free from sexual abuse. Article 35: No one is allowed to kidnap or sell you. Article 36: You have the right to protection from any kind of exploitation (being taken advantage of). Black History Month Article 2: You have the right to protection against discrimination. This means that nobody can treat you badly because of your colour, sex or religion, if you speak another language, have a disability, or are rich or	have these rights, no matter who they are, where they live, what their parents do, what language they speak, what their parents do, what language they speak, what their religion is, whether they are a boy or girl, what their culture is, whether they have a disability, whether they are rich or poor. No child should be treated unfairly on any basis. Article 29: Your education should help you use and develop your talents and abilities. It should also help you learn to live peacefully, protect the environment and respect other people. Article 30: You have the right to practice your own culture, language and religion - or any you choose. Minority and indigenous groups need special protection of this	right to life Article 7: You have the right to a name, and this should be officially recognized by the government. You have the right to a nationality (to belong to a country). Article 8: You have the right to an identity — an official record of who you are. No one should take this away from you. Article 18: You have the right to be brought up by your parents, if possible. Article 19: You have the right to be protected from being hurt and mistreated, in body or mind Article 27: You have the right to a good enough standard of living. This means you should have food, clothes and a place	right to a private life. For instance, you can keep a diary that other people are not allowed to see. Article 17: You have the right to collect information from the media – radios, newspapers, television, etc – from all around the world. You should also be protected from information that could	right to find out things and say what you think, through making art, speaking and writing, unless it breaks the rights of others Article 14: You have the right to think what you like and be whatever religion you want to be, with your parents'	right to the best health possible and to medical care and to information. that will help you to stay well. Article 31: You have the right to play and relax by doing things like sports,	right to give your opinion, and for adults to listen and take it seriously. Article 16: You have the right to a private life. For instance, you can keep a diary that other people are not allowed to see. Article 34: You have the right to be protected	right to collect information from the media – radios, newspapers, television, etc – from all around the world. You should also be protected from information that could harm you. Article 36: You have the right to protection from any other kind of



				Ye	ar 4						
Торіс	Autumn 1: Walk Egyptians.		Autumn 2: urney oOer Europe	Spring 1: Battle S	tations	Spring	2: Natural Disasters	Summer 1:	:	Summer	2: Whole School Topic
	Families and friendship	Safe Relationship	Respecting Ourselves and Others	Belonging to a community	Media lite digital re	-	Money and work	Physical health and Mental wellbeing	Growin	_	Keeping safe
Relationships	Positive friendships, including online PoS Refs: R10, R11, R12, R13, R18	Responding to hurt behaviour; managi confidentiality; recognising risks online PoS Refs: R20, R23, R2 R28	ng and similarities; discussing difference sensitively								
Living in the Wider World				What makes a community; shared responsibilities PoS Refs: L4, L6, L7	How data is used PoS Refs: L13		Making decisions about money; using and keeping money safe PoS Refs: L17, L19 L20, L21				
Health and Wellbeing								Maintaining a balanced lifestyle; oral hygiene and dental care PoS Refs: H2, H5, H11	Physical and changes in external personal routines; su puberty PoS Refs: H3 H34	puberty; genitalia; hygiene apport with	Medicines and household products; drugs common to everyday life PoS Refs: H10, H38, H40, H46
British Values Democracy is exercised throughout the year for Head teacher Awards etc.	→ Democracy → Rule of law	→ The Rule of Law → Individual Liberty	→ Mutual Respect and Tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and for those without faith → Individual liberty	→ The Rule of Law → Mutual Respect and Tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and for those without faith → Democracy	→ Democrac → The Rule → Individua	of Law	→ Mutual Respect and Tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and for those without faith → Democracy - jobs panel → Individual liberty	→ Individual liberty → Mutual Respect and Tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and for those without faith	being self. → Rule o	ual liberty - your true of Law - to t people	→ Rule of Law → Individual liberty
Equalities (Role Models) Resources and lessons should reflect and represent all relevant protected characteristics	→ Marriage & civil partnerships Sexual orientation Ethnicity and race	→ Black histomonth → Bullying fir to all protect characteristics → Sexual orientation → Ethnicity a race → Age → Disability → Sex → Religion a belief → Marriage a civil partnership → Gender reassignment	everyone: Sexual orientation Ethnicity and race Age Disability Sex Religion and belief Pregnancy maternity	→ Religion and belief → Ethnicity and race → Age → Sexual orientation → Marriage and civil partnership	age safe	trictions on to keep e not to criminate.	Sex Stereotyping- address male vs female roles, the importance of all jobs in the community and that a doctor is not more important than a cleaner. Sexual orientation Ethnicity and race Age Disability Sex Religion and belief Marriage and civil partnership Gender reassignment	→ Age → Disability → Religion and belief (religions which don't allow medical intervention)	→ Ethnici → Age → Disabil → Sex	n and belief ncy and nity	→ Age

					→ Pregnancy and maternity		
of your colour, religion, if you another language, disability, or are poor. Article 3: All should always do best for you. Article 4: You ha right to have you made a reality government. Article 5: You ha right to be guidance by your and family. Article 28: You ha right to a good education. You she encouraged to	hts. the right to privacy. Article 19: You have the right to be protected from being hurt and mistreated, in body or mind. Learn to be free from sexual abuse. Article 34: You have the right to be free from sexual abuse. Article 35: No one is allowed to kidnap or sell you. Article 36: You have the right to protection from any kind of exploitation (being taken advantage of). The Black History Month Article 2: You have the right to protection against the discrimination. This means that nobody can	have these rights, no matter who they are, where they live, what their parents do, what language they speak, what their religion is, whether they are a boy or girl, what their culture is, whether they have a disability, whether they are rich or poor. No child should be treated unfairly on any basis. Article 29: Your education should help you use and develop your talents and abilities. It should also help you learn to live peacefully, protect the environment and respect other people. Article 30: You have the right to practice your own culture, language and religion or any you choose. Minority and indigenous groups need special protection of this	right to life Article 7: You have the right to a name, and this should be officially recognized by the government. You have the right to a nationality (to belong to a country). Article 8: You have the right to an identity – an official record of who you are. No one should take this away from you. Article 18: You have the right to be brought up by your parents, if possible. Article 19: You have the right to be protected from being hurt and mistreated, in body or mind Article 27: You have the right to a good enough standard of living. This means you should have food, clothes and a place	diary that other people are not allowed to see. Article 17: You have the right to collect information from the media – radios, newspapers, television, etc – from all around the world. You should also be protected from information that could harm you.	Article 13: You have the right to find out things and say what you think, through making art, speaking and writing, unless it breaks the rights of others Article 14: You have the right to think what you like and be whatever religion you want to be, with your parents' guidance.	 Article 12: You have the right to give your opinion, and for adults to listen and take it seriously. Article 16: You have the right to a private life. For instance, you can keep a diary that other people are not allowed to see. Article 34: You have the right to be protected from sexual abuse.	etc - from all around the



					Yea	ar 5						
Topic	Autumn 1: We're the America	kids in	Autumn 2: sun	Third Rock from the	Spring 1: It's all Greek	to me.	Spring 2: 0 beside the	Oh I do like to be seaside.	Summer 1: Marvelous	Mayas	Summer 2	: Whole School Topic
	Families and friendship	Safe Relat	ionships	Respecting Ourselves and Others	Belonging to a community	Media lite digital resi	-	Money and work	Physical health and Mental wellbeing	Growing a changing	nd	Keeping safe
Relationships	Managing friendships and peer influence PoS Refs: R14, R15, R16, R17, R18, R26	feeling safe	ontact and 9, R25, R26,	Responding respectfully to a wide range of people; recognising prejudice and discrimination PoS Refs: R20, R21, R31, R33								
Living in the Wider World					Protecting the environment; compassion towards others PoS Refs: L4, L5, L19		ferent media r role and	Identifying job interests and aspirations; what influences career choices; workplace stereotypes PoS Refs: L27, L28, L29, L31, L32				
Health and Wellbeing									Healthy sleep habits; sun safety; medicines, vaccinations, immunisations and allergies PoS Refs: H8, H9, H10, H12	and differe mental wellb	identity; individuality nt qualities; seing 16, H25, H26,	Keeping safe in different situations, including responding in emergencies, first aid and FGM PoS Refs: H38, H43, H44, H45
British Values Democracy is exercised throughout the year for Head teacher Awards etc.	→ Democracy → Rule of law	→ The Rul		→ Mutual Respect and Tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and for those without faith → Individual liberty	→ Democracy → The Rule of Law → Individual liberty	→ Mutua and 1 those differe beliefs	folerance of with ant faiths and and for without faith	→ Mutual Respect and Tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and for those without faith → Democracy - jobs panel → Individual liberty	→ Individual liberty → Mutual Respect and Tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and for those without faith	being self → Rule	dual liberty - your true of Law - to t people	→ Rule of Law → Individual liberty
Equalities (Role Models) Resources and lessons should reflect and represent all relevant protected characteristics	→ Marriage & civil partnerships Sexual orientation → Ethnicity and race	→ Bullying protected character → Sexual or → Ethnicity → Age → Disability → Sex → Religion → Marriage partners	ristics rientation and race / and belief and civil	Respect for everyone: Sexual orientation Ethnicity and race Age Disability Sex Religion and belief Pregnancy and maternity	→ Religion and belief → Ethnicity and race → Age → Sexual orientation → Marriage and civil partnership	age saf	e - trictions on e to keep e not to criminate.	Sex Stereotyping- address male vs female roles, the importance of all jobs in the community and that a doctor is not more important than a cleaner. Sexual orientation Ethnicity and race Age Disability Sex Religion and belief	→ Age → Disability → Religion and belief (religions which don't allow medical intervention)	→ Ethnic → Age → Disabi → Sex → Religio → Pregna maten → Gende	on and belief ancy and nity	→ Age

						→ Marriage and civil partnership → Gender reassignment → Pregnancy and maternity			
Rights Respecting School	against discrimination. This means that nobody can treat you badly because of your colour, sex or religion, if you speak another language, have a disability, or are rich or poor. Article 3: All adults should always do what is best for you. Article 4: You have the right to have your rights made a reality by the government. Article 5: You have the right to be given guidance by your parents and family. Article 28: You have the right to a good quality education. You should be encouraged to go to	right to be protected from being hurt and mistreated, in body or mind. Article 34: You have the right to be free from sexual abuse. Article 35: No one is allowed to kidnap or sell you. Article 36: You have the right to protection from any kind of exploitation (being taken advantage of). Black History Month Article 2: You have the right to protection against discrimination. This	have these rights, no matter who they are, where they live, what their parents do, what language they speak, what their parents do, what language they speak, what their religion is, whether they are a disability, whether they are rich or poor. No child should be treated unfairly on any basis. Article 29: Your education should help you use and develop your talents and abilities. It should also help you learn to live peacefully, protect the environment and respect other people. Article 30: You have the right to practice your own culture, language and religion - or any you choose. Minority and indigenous groups need special protection of this	right to life Article 7: You have the right to a name, and this should be officially recognized by the government. You have the right to a nationality (to belong to a country). Article 8: You have the right to an identity — an official record of who you are. No one should take this away from you. Article 18: You have the right to be brought up by your parents, if possible. Article 19: You have the right to be protected from being hurt and mistreated, in body or mind Article 27: You have the right to a good enough standard of living. This means you should have food, clothes and a place	right to a private life. For instance, you can keep a diary that other people are not allowed to see. Article 17: You have the right to collect information from the media – radios, newspapers, television, etc – from all around the world. You should also be protected from information that could	Article 13: You have the right to find out things and say what you think, through made and writing, unless it breaks the rights of others Article 14: You have the right to think what you like and be whatever religion you want to be, with your parents' guidance.	right to the best health possible and to medical care and to information. that will help you to stay well. Article 31: You have the right to play and relax by doing things like sports,	and take it seriously.	Article 17: You have the right to collect information from the media – radios, newspapers, television, etc – from all around the world.You should also be protected from information that could harm you. Article 36: You have the right to protection from any other kind of exploitation.



					Ye	ar 6						
Торіс	Autumn 1: Everybody Rule the world	Safe Relationships Respecting Ourselves and			Spring 1: War of the \	Vorlds.	Spring 2: F	Peace at last	Summer 1: Game Set Match	and	Summer 2	: Whole School Topic
	Families and friendship	Safe Relat	ionships		Belonging to a community	Media lite digital resi		Money and work	Physical health and Mental wellbeing	Growing a changing	nd	Keeping safe
Relationships	Attraction to others; romantic relationships; civil partnership and marriage PoS Refs: R1, R2, R3, R4, RS, R7	Recognising managing consent is situations PoS Refs: R2	and pressure; n different 6, R28, R29	Expressing opinions and respecting other points of view, including discussing topical issues PoS Refs: R30, R34								
Living in the Wider World					Valuing diversity; challenging discrimination and stereotypes PoS Refs: LB, L9, L10, R21	Evaluating m sharing thing PoS Refs: H L15, L16	gs online	Influences and attitudes to money; money and financial risks PoS Refs: L18, L22, L23, L24				
Health and Wellbeing									What affects mental health and ways to take care of it; managing change, loss and bereavement; managing time online PoS Refs: H13, H14, H15, H20, H21, H22, H23, H24	birth; independent transitions	oduction and increasing ce; managing 24, H33, H35,	Keeping personal information safe; regulations and choices; drug use and the law; drug use and the media PoS Refs: H37, H42, H46, H47, H48, H49, H50
British Values Democracy is exercised throughout the year for Head teacher Awards etc.	→ Democracy → Rule of law		e of Law aal Liberty	→ Mutual Respect and Tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and for those without faith → Individual liberty	→ Democracy → The Rule of Law → Individual liberty	→ Mutua and 1 those differe beliefs	Tolerance of with ent faiths and s and for without faith	→ Mutual Respect and Tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and for those without faith → Democracy - jobs panel → Individual liberty	→ Individual liberty → Mutual Respect and Tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and for those without faith		ur true self Law - to	→ Rule of Law → Individual liberty
Equalities (Role Models) Resources and lessons should reflect and represent all relevant protected characteristics	→ Marriage & civil partnerships Sexual orientation → Ethnicity and race	→ Bullying protected characte → Sexual or → Ethnicity → Age → Disability → Sex → Religion → Marriage partners	ristics rientation and race and belief and civil	Respect for everyone: Sexual orientation Ethnicity and race Age Disability Sex Religion and belief Pregnancy and maternity	→ Religion and belief → Ethnicity and race → Age → Sexual orientation → Marriage and civil partnership	agi saf	e - strictions on e to keep fe not to scriminate.	→ Sex → Stereotyping- address male vs female roles, the importance of all jobs in the community and that a doctor is not more important than a cleaner. → Sexual orientation → Ethnicity and race → Age → Disability → Sex Religion and belief → Marriage and civil partnership → Gender reassignment	→ Age → Disability → Religion and belief (religions which don't allow medical intervention)	→ Ethnic → Age → Disabi → Sex → Religio → Pregnamater → Gende	on and belief ency and nity	→ Age

						→ Pregnancy and maternity			
Rights Respecting School	→ Article 1: Everyone under 18 has all these rights. Article 2: You have the right to protection against discrimination. This means that nobody can treat you badly because of your colour, sex or religion, if you speak another language, have a disability, or are rich or poor. → Article 3: All adults should always do what is best for you. → Article 4: You have the right to have your rights made a reality by the government. → Article 5: You have the right to be given guidance by your parents and family. → Article 28: You have the right to a good quality education. You should be encouraged to go to school to the highest level you can.	→ Article 16: You have the right to privacy. → Article 19: You have the right to be protected from being hurt and mistreated, in body or mind. → Article 34: You have the right to be free from sexual abuse. → Article 35: No one is allowed to kidnap or sell you. → Article 36: You have the right to protection from any kind of exploitation (being taken advantage of). → Black History Month → Article 2: You have the right to protection against discrimination. I his means that nobody can treat you badly because of your colour, sex or religion, if you speak another language, have a disability, or are rich or poor.	education should help you use and develop your talents and abilities. It should also help you learn to live peacefully, protect the environment and respect other people.	the right to life Article 7: You have the right to a name, and this should be officially recognized by the government. You have the right to a nationality (to belong to a country). Article 8: You have the right to an identity – an official record of who you are. No one should take this away from you. Article 18: You have the right to be brought up by your parents, if possible. Article 19: You have the right to be protected from being hurt and mistreated, in body or mind Article 27: You have the right to a good enough standard of living. This means you should have food, clothes and a place to live.	→ Article 16: You have the right to a private life. For instance, you can keep a diary that other people are not allowed to see. → Article 17: You have the right to collect information from the media – radios, newspapers, television, etc—from all around the world.You should also be protected from information that could harm you.	→ Article 13: You have the right to find out things and say what you think, through making art, speaking and writing, unless it breaks the rights of others → Article 14: You have the right to think what you like and be whatever religion you want to be, with your parents' guidance. Article 29 (goals of education) Education must develop every child's personality, talents and abilities to the full. It must encourage the child's respect for human rights, as well as respect for their parents, their own and other cultures, and the environment.	→ Article 24: You have a right to the best health possible and to medical care and to information. that will help you to stay well. → Article 31: You have the right to play and relax by doing things like sports, music and drama.	→ Article 12: You have the right to give your opinion, and for adults to listen and take it seriously. → Article 16: You have the right to a private life. For instance, you can keep a diary that other people are not allowed to see. → Article 34: You have the right to be protected from sexual abuse.	the right to collect information from the media – radios, newspapers, television, etc – from all around the world. You should also be protected from information that could harm you. Article 36: You have the right to protection from any